

# Package ‘iscream’

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**Title** Make fast and memory efficient BED file queries, summaries and matrices

**Version** 1.0.0

**Description** BED files store ranged genomic data that can be queried even when the files are compressed. iscream can query data from BED files and return them in multiple formats: parsed records or their summary statistics as data frames or GenomicRanges objects, and matrices as matrix, GenomicRanges, or SummarizedExperiment objects. iscream also provides specialized support for importing methylation data.

**URL** <https://huishenlab.github.io/iscream/>,  
<https://github.com/huishenlab/iscream/>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/huishenlab/iscream/issues/>

**License** MIT + file LICENSE

**Encoding** UTF-8

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---

check_files_exist	<i>Check that files exist</i>
-------------------	-------------------------------

---

### Description

Check that files exist

### Usage

```
check_files_exist(files_vec, error_file_prefix = "Bedfile")
```

**Arguments**

files\_vec        A vector of file paths  
 error\_file\_prefix        Error message prefix for 'Bedfile' vs 'Tabix file'

**Value**

TRUE if all input BED files have an associated tabix index file. FALSE if not

---

check\_thread\_count        *Check that the required threads are available*

---

**Description**

Check that the required threads are available

**Usage**

```
check_thread_count(  
  n_threads,  
  avail_threads = availableCores(),  
  opt_set = FALSE  
)
```

**Arguments**

n\_threads        The number of threads to check availability for  
 avail\_threads    The number of threads that are available on the system. Defaults to `parallelly::availableCores()`  
 opt\_set         Whether the `iscream.threads` options is set

**Value**

n\_threads if the requested number of threads are available and stops if not

---

Cpp\_query\_all        *Query all methylation info into M and coverage matrices*

---

**Description**

Query all methylation info into M and coverage matrices

**Usage**

```

Cpp_query_all(
    bedfiles,
    regions,
    aligner,
    valInd,
    merged,
    sparse,
    prealloc,
    nthreads
)

```

**Arguments**

bedfiles	A vector of BED files
regions	A vector of regions
aligner	The aligner used to make the WGBS BED files, only for make_mat_bsseq
valInd	The index of the data column needed for the matrix, for make_mat
merged	Whether the input strands have been merged/collapsed
prealloc	The number of rows to initialize the matrices with
nthreads	Set number of threads to use overriding the "iscream.threads" option. See ?set_threads for more information.

**Value**

A list of one or two matrices, chromosome, position, and filename vectors

---

Cpp\_set\_log\_level      *spdlog Logging Lever Setter*

---

**Description**

A helper function to turn a logging level given as string into the current logging level

**Usage**

```

Cpp_set_log_level(name)

```

**Arguments**

name	A string with the logging level. Value understood are, in decreasing verbosity 'trace', 'debug', 'info', 'warning', 'error', 'critical', and 'off'. Unrecognised names are equivalent to 'off'.
------	---

**Value**

Nothing is returned.

---

Cpp\_summarize\_regions *Apply a function over BED file records within genomic features*

---

### Description

This function should be called from `summarize_regions()` since there are few sanity checks on the C++ side.

### Usage

```
Cpp_summarize_regions(
  bedfiles,
  regions,
  fun_vec,
  col_indices,
  col_names,
  aligner,
  mval = FALSE,
  region_rownames = FALSE,
  nthreads = 1L
)
```

### Arguments

<code>bedfiles</code>	A vector of BED file paths
<code>regions</code>	A vector of genomic regions
<code>fun_vec</code>	Vector of the armadillo-supported stats functions to apply over the CpGs in the ' regions: "sum", "mean", "median", "stddev", "variance" "count", "min", "max", and "range".
<code>col_indices</code>	A vector of genomic regions
<code>col_names</code>	A vector of genomic regions
<code>mval</code>	Calculates M values when TRUE, use beta values when FALSE
<code>region_rownames</code>	Whether to set rownames to the regions strings. Not necessary if your regions vector is unnamed. If its names, then the "feature" column is set to the names and the rownames are set to the regions string
<code>nthreads</code>	Number of cores to use. See details.

### Details

The optimal number of threads depends on the number of bedfiles, but is set to half the available OpenMP cores. See `?get_threads` for more details. It can be manually set with `set_threads()`.

### Value

A summary data.frame

---

get\_df\_string      *DataFrame to region strings*

---

### Description

Convert DataFrame to a vector of strings. Set feature names in a "name" column

### Usage

```
get_df_string(regions_df, feature_col = NULL)
```

### Arguments

regions\_df      A data frame with "chr", "start" and "end" columns  
feature\_col      The data frame column to use as the names of the output string vector

### Value

A character vector

### Examples

```
(df <- data.frame(chr = c("chr1", "chr2"), start = c(1, 5), end = c(4, 10)))
get_df_string(df)
```

---

get\_granges\_string      *GRanges to region strings*

---

### Description

Coerces GenomicRanges to chr:start-end strings with as.character. If any regions have the same start and end, as.character returns chr:start strings which are invalid for the htlib API. These are corrected to chr:start-start.

### Usage

```
get_granges_string(gr)
```

### Arguments

gr              A GRanges object

### Value

A character vector

### Examples

```
if (requireNamespace("GenomicRanges", quietly = TRUE)) {
  get_granges_string(GenomicRanges::GRanges(c("chr1:1-10", "chr2:15-20")))
}
```

---

get_threads	<i>Get the number of available threads</i>
-------------	--

---

**Description**

Gets the number of threads iscream is currently set to use, whether the "iscream.threads" option is set and how many threads are available for use. To set the number of threads use set\_threads() or set the iscream.threads option in your ~/.Rprofile. See ?set\_threads for more information.

**Usage**

```
get_threads()
```

**Value**

A named vector:

- use\_threads = the number of threads iscream will use
- opt\_set = whether the option was set by the user
- avail\_threads = The number of available threads as reported by `parallelly::availableCores`

**Examples**

```
get_threads()
```

---

htslib_version	<i>Get htslib version and available features</i>
----------------	--

---

**Description**

Returns the version of htslib being used by iscream and whether features such as libdeflate support are available. This information may not always correspond to the htslib version used during iscream's installation if a different htslib version is available for linking at runtime.

**Usage**

```
htslib_version()
```

**Value**

None

**Examples**

```
htslib_version()
```

---

 make\_mat

*Make a matrix from a numeric column of BED files*


---

### Description

Queries the provided regions and produces a matrix along with genomic positions as a named list (`make_mat()`), a `RangedSummarizedExperiment` (`make_mat_se()`), `GRanges` (`make_mat_gr()`). Parallelized across files using threads from the `"iscream.threads"` option.

### Usage

```
make_mat(
  bedfiles,
  regions,
  column,
  mat_name = "value",
  sparse = FALSE,
  prealloc = 10000,
  nthreads = NULL
)
```

```
make_mat_se(
  bedfiles,
  regions,
  column,
  mat_name = "value",
  sparse = FALSE,
  prealloc = 10000,
  nthreads = NULL
)
```

```
make_mat_gr(
  bedfiles,
  regions,
  column,
  mat_name = "value",
  prealloc = 10000,
  nthreads = NULL
)
```

### Arguments

<code>bedfiles</code>	A vector of BED file paths
<code>regions</code>	A vector, data frame or <code>GenomicRanges</code> of genomic regions. See details.
<code>column</code>	The index of the data column needed for the matrix
<code>mat_name</code>	What to name the matrix in the returned object
<code>sparse</code>	Whether to return a sparse matrix
<code>prealloc</code>	The number of rows to initialize the matrices with. If the number of loci are approximately known, this can reduce runtime as fewer resizes need to be made.
<code>nthreads</code>	Set the number of threads to use. Overrides the <code>"iscream.threads"</code> option. See <code>?set_threads</code> for more information.

## Details

The input regions may be string vector in the form "chr:start-end" or a GRanges object. If a data frame is provided, they must have "chr", "start", and "end" columns.

## Value

- `make_mat()`: A named list of
  - the matrix with the value of interest
  - a character vector of chromosomes and numeric vector of base positions
  - a character vector of the input sample BED file names
- `make_mat_gr()`: if GenomicRanges is available, a GRanges
- `make_mat_se()`: if SummarizedExperiment is available, a RangedSummarizedExperiment

## Examples

```
bedfiles <- system.file("extdata", package = "iscream") |>
  list.files(pattern = "[a|b|c|d].bed.gz$", full.names = TRUE)
# examine the bedfiles
colnames <- c("chr", "start", "end", "beta", "coverage")
lapply(bedfiles, function(i) knitr::kable(read.table(i, col.names = colnames)))

# make a vector of regions
regions <- c("chr1:1-6", "chr1:7-10", "chr1:11-14")
# make matrix of beta values
make_mat(bedfiles, regions, column = 4)
```

---

make\_mat\_bsseq

*Make M/beta and coverage matrices from WGBS BED files*

---

## Description

Queries the CpG/CpH loci from provided regions and produces M/beta and coverage matrices with their genomic positions. Parallelized across files using threads from the "iscream.threads" option. The output of `make_mat_bsseq` may be used to create a BSseq object: `do.call(BSseq, make_mat_bsseq(...))`.

## Usage

```
make_mat_bsseq(
  bedfiles,
  regions,
  aligner = "biscuit",
  mval = TRUE,
  merged = TRUE,
  sparse = FALSE,
  prealloc = 10000,
  nthreads = NULL
)
```

**Arguments**

bedfiles	A vector of BED file paths
regions	A vector, data frame or GenomicRanges of genomic regions. See details.
aligner	The aligner used to produce the BED files - one of "biscuit", "bismark", "bsbolt".
mval	Whether to return M-values or beta-values with the coverage matrix. Defaults to M-value. Set <code>mval=FALSE</code> to get beta value matrix.
merged	Whether the input strands have been merged/collapsed
sparse	Whether to return a sparse matrix
prealloc	The number of rows to initialize the matrices with. If the number of loci are approximately known, this can reduce runtime as fewer resizes need to be made.
nthreads	Set the number of threads to use. Overrides the "iscream.threads" option. See <code>?set_threads</code> for more information.

**Details**

The input regions may be string vector in the form "chr:start-end" or a GRanges object. If a data frame is provided, they must have "chr", "start", and "end" columns.

**Value**

A named list of

- coverage and either a beta- or M-value matrix
- a character vector of chromosomes and numeric vector of corresponding CpG base positions
- a character vector of the input sample names

**Bitpacking limits**

`make_mat_bsseq()` makes two matrices: M-value (or beta-value) and coverage. For speed and memory efficiency these two values are bitpacked during matrix creation so that only one matrix needs to be populated and resized. This matrix is unpacked into the two required matrices only after the matrix dimensions are known after querying all input files. The two values are packed using the INT16 type, which has an upper limit of 32,767, into one INT32. If the coverage values exceed 32,767, the upper limit of a 16-bit signed integer, it will be capped at the limit. Beta values will also be capped similarly, but any such beta values would indicate a bug in the aligner that produced the data.

**Examples**

```
bedfiles <- system.file("extdata", package = "iscream") |>
  list.files(pattern = "[a|b|c|d].bed.gz$", full.names = TRUE)
# examine the BED files
colnames <- c("chr", "start", "end", "beta", "coverage")
lapply(bedfiles, function(i) knitr::kable(read.table(i, col.names = colnames)))

# make a vector of regions
regions <- c("chr1:1-6", "chr1:7-10", "chr1:11-14")
mat <- make_mat_bsseq(bedfiles, regions)
# for BSseq object run
if (requireNamespace("bsseq", quietly = TRUE)) {
  do.call(bsseq::BSseq, mat)
}
```

---

query_chroms	<i>Query the chromosomes or seqnames from a vector of BED files</i>
--------------	---

---

**Description**

Query the chromosomes or seqnames from a vector of BED files

**Usage**

```
query_chroms.bedfiles, nthreads = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

bedfiles	The vector of BED file paths
nthreads	Set number of threads to use overriding the "iscream.threads" option. See ?set_threads for more information.

**Value**

A vector of seqnames

**Examples**

```
bedfiles <- system.file("extdata", package = "iscream") |>
  list.files(pattern = "[a|b|c|d].bed.gz$", full.names = TRUE)
query_chroms.bedfiles)
```

---

set_log_level	<i>Set and get logging level</i>
---------------	----------------------------------

---

**Description**

Set and get logging level

**Usage**

```
set_log_level(level = "info")
```

```
get_log_level()
```

**Arguments**

level	The logging verbosity level to use <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• "info": the default that gives provides basic information about the number of files and regions used in a function</li> <li>• "debug": more verbose about row allocations, how many CpGs were found in a region, filename parsing etc. This mode cannot be used on more than one thread as R cannot output messages from multiple threads without crashing.</li> <li>• "off": no logging</li> </ul>
-------	---

**Value**

- `set_log_level()`: None; sets the log level to the provided level
- `get_log_level()`: The current logging level as a string

**Examples**

```
set_log_level("info")
get_log_level()
```

---

set\_threads

*Set the number of available threads*

---

**Description**

Sets the "iscream.threads" option to `n_threads`. To see how many threads you have available see `?get_threads()`.

**Usage**

```
set_threads(n_threads)
```

**Arguments**

`n_threads`      The number of threads to use

**Details**

iscream uses OpenMP to parallelize certain functions. You can use as many threads as are available to you on your system to varying degrees of performance improvements. The `get_threads()` function uses `parallelly::availableCores()` to report the number of available threads. Although OpenMP can detect the number of available cores, on high performance computers (HPCs) with resource allocating job schedulers like SLURM, OpenMP may detect all available threads across the HPC and not limit itself to the cores that were allocated to you by the scheduler. If your system administrator has not set up any limits, this may result in your job taking resources from other jobs. If there are limits, trying to use more threads than those available will reduce iscream's performance. Job schedulers will typically have an environment variable (e.g. `SLURM_CPUS_ON_NODE` with SLURM) that gives you the actual number of available cores. Further, on hyperthreaded systems, this count may be double that of the available processors. Using hyperthreading does not guarantee any performance improvement - it may be better to set the number of threads to half the reported number. `parallelly::availableCores()` takes HPC scheduler/CRAN/Bioconductor limits into account when reporting the number of available threads but it may not reliably report hyperthreading ('system' or 'nproc'). To set the number of threads without having to call `set_threads()` in every session, put

```
options(iscream.threads = [n_threads])
```

in your `.Rprofile` See `help('Rprofile')` for information on startup options.

Functions currently using multithreading:

- `tabix()`, `tabix_gr()`, `tabix_raw()`
- `query_chroms()`
- `make_mat()`, `make_mat_se()`, `make_mat_gr()`, `make_mat_bsseq()`
- `summarize_regions()`, `summarize_meth_regions()`

**Value**

None. Sets the `iscream.threads` option to the requested number of threads if available

**Examples**

```
(ncores <- parallelly::availableCores())
set_threads(ncores)
```

---

```
summarize_meth_regions
```

*Summarize methylation information over genomic regions*

---

**Description**

Run summarizing functions on the CpG/CpH loci in BED files across genomic regions. Parallelized across files using threads from the `"iscream.threads"` option.

**Usage**

```
summarize_meth_regions(
  bedfiles,
  regions,
  fun = "all",
  aligner = "biscuit",
  feature_col = NULL,
  mval = TRUE,
  set_region_rownames = FALSE,
  nthreads = NULL
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>bedfiles</code>	A vector of BED file paths
<code>regions</code>	A vector, data frame or <code>GenomicRanges</code> of genomic regions. See details.
<code>fun</code>	Function(s) to apply over the region. See details.
<code>aligner</code>	The aligner used to produce the BED files - one of "biscuit", "bismark", "bsbolt".
<code>feature_col</code>	Column name of the input regions data frame containing a name for each genomic region. Set only if the using a data frame as the input regions format. See details.
<code>mval</code>	Whether to calculate the M value ( $\text{coverage} \times \beta$ ) or use the beta value when applying the function.
<code>set_region_rownames</code>	Use the region strings as the returned data frame's rownames. Can be useful if you have a named regions and want both the regions strings rownames and the feature names. See details.
<code>nthreads</code>	Set number of threads to use overriding the <code>"iscream.threads"</code> option. See <code>?set_threads</code> for more information.

**Value**

A data.frame

**Supported functions**

- Sum: "sum"
- Mean: "mean"
- Median: "median"
- Standard deviation: "stddev"
- Variance: "variance"
- Minimum: "min"
- Maximum: "max"
- Range: "range"
- No. of records in the region: "count"

The summarizing computations are backed by the Armadillo library. See [https://arma.sourceforge.net/docs.html#stats\\_fns](https://arma.sourceforge.net/docs.html#stats_fns) for further details on the supported functions

**Using feature identifiers**

regions may be string vector in the form "chr:start-end", a GRanges object or a data frame with "chr", "start", and "end" columns. The feature column of the output will contain a "chr:start-end" identifier for each summarized region. To use other identifiers, like a gene name for a region instead of the coordinates, set the names of the vector or GRanges to those identifiers. These names will be used instead of the genomic region string to describe each feature in the output dataframe. If regions is a data frame make an additional column with the identifiers and pass that column name to feature\_col. See examples.

**Examples**

```
# also see examples from ?summarize_regions

bedfiles <- system.file("extdata", package = "iscream") |>
  list.files(pattern = "[a|b|c|d].bed.gz$", full.names = TRUE)

# make a vector of regions
regions <- c("chr1:1-6", "chr1:7-10", "chr1:11-14")
summarize_meth_regions(bedfiles, regions)
names(regions) <- c("A", "B", "C")
summarize_meth_regions(bedfiles, regions, fun = c("mean", "stddev"), mval = FALSE)
summarize_meth_regions(bedfiles, regions, fun = "sum")
```

---

summarize\_regions

*Summarize information over genomic regions from any BED file*

---

**Description**

Run summarizing functions on BED file records across genomic regions. Parallelized across files using threads from the "iscream.threads" option.

**Usage**

```

summarize_regions(
  bedfiles,
  regions,
  columns,
  col_names = NULL,
  fun = "all",
  feature_col = NULL,
  set_region_rownames = FALSE,
  nthreads = NULL
)

```

**Arguments**

bedfiles	A vector of BED file paths
regions	A vector, data frame or GenomicRanges of genomic regions. See details.
columns	A vector of indices of the numeric columns to be summarized
col_names	A vector of names to use for columns in the output
fun	Function(s) to apply over the region. See details.
feature_col	Column name of the input regions data frame containing a name for each genomic region. Set only if the using a data frame as the input regions format. See details.
set_region_rownames	Use the region strings as the returned data frame's rownames. Can be useful if you have a named regions and want both the regions strings rownames and the feature names. See details.
nthreads	Set number of threads to use overriding the "iscream.threads" option. See ?set_threads for more information.

**Value**

A data.frame

**Supported functions**

- Sum: "sum"
- Mean: "mean"
- Median: "median"
- Standard deviation: "stddev"
- Variance: "variance"
- Minimum: "min"
- Maximum: "max"
- Range: "range"
- No. of records in the region: "count"

The summarizing computations are backed by the Armadillo library. See [https://arma.sourceforge.net/docs.html#stats\\_fns](https://arma.sourceforge.net/docs.html#stats_fns) for further details on the supported functions

### Using feature identifiers

regions may be string vector in the form "chr:start-end", a GRanges object or a data frame with "chr", "start", and "end" columns. The feature column of the output will contain a "chr:start-end" identifier for each summarized region. To use other identifiers, like a gene name for a region instead of the coordinates, set the names of the vector or GRanges to those identifiers. These names will be used instead of the genomic region string to describe each feature in the output dataframe. If regions is a data frame make an additional column with the identifiers and pass that column name to feature\_col. See examples.

### Examples

```
bedfiles <- system.file("extdata", package = "iscream") |>
  list.files(pattern = "[a|b|c|d].bed.gz$", full.names = TRUE)
# examine the bedfiles
colnames <- c("chr", "start", "end", "beta", "coverage")
lapply(bedfiles, function(i) knitr::kable(read.table(i, col.names = colnames)))

# make a vector of regions
regions <- c("chr1:1-6", "chr1:7-10", "chr1:11-14")
summarize_regions(bedfiles, regions, columns = c(4, 5), col_names = c("beta", "cov"))

# select functions
summarize_regions(
  bedfiles,
  regions,
  fun = c("mean", "stddev"),
  columns = c(4, 5),
  col_names = c("beta", "cov")
)

# add names to the regions
names(regions) <- c("A", "B", "C")
summarize_regions(
  bedfiles,
  regions,
  fun = "sum",
  columns = 5,
  col_names = "coverage"
)

# using `feature_col`
library(data.table)

# convert string vector to a data.table
regions_df <- data.table::as.data.table(regions) |>
  _[, tstrsplit(regions, ":-", fixed = FALSE, names = c("chr", "start", "end"))] |>
  _[, start := as.integer(start)] |>
  _[, feature := LETTERS[.I]][]
regions_df

summarize_regions(
  bedfiles,
  regions_df,
  fun = "sum",
  columns = 5,
  col_names = "coverage",
```

```
    feature_col = "feature"
  )
```

---

tabix	<i>Query records from tabixed BED files</i>
-------	---

---

## Description

Query records from tabixed BED files

## Usage

```
tabix(files, regions, aligner = NULL, col.names = NULL, nthreads = NULL)
```

```
tabix_gr(
  bedfiles,
  regions,
  aligner = NULL,
  col.names = NULL,
  zero_based = TRUE,
  nthreads = NULL
)
```

```
tabix_raw(bedfiles, regions, nthreads = NULL)
```

## Arguments

bedfiles	The BED files to be queried
regions	A vector, data frame or GenomicRanges of genomic regions. See details.
aligner	The aligner used to produce the BED files - one of "biscuit", "bismark", "bsbolt". Will set the result data.table's column names based on this argument.
col.names	A vector of column names for the data columns of the result.table, not including "chr", "start", and "end". Set if your BED file is not from the supported aligners or is a general BED file.
nthreads	Set number of threads to use overriding the "iscream.threads" option. See ?set_threads for more information.
zero_based	Whether the input BED file has a zero-based start column - used when covering the result data frame to GenomicRanges.

## Details

### Query method:

'iscream' has two methods to query records from BED files:

- the *tabix* shell executable: fast since its output can be redirected to a file (which `data.table::fread()` can then read) instead of having to allocate memory and store it during the query
- *iscream's* tabix implementation, based on the *tabix* executable using *htslib*, but slower on large queries since it stores the records as they are found instead of writing to a file. However it's able to store each region's records independently instead of in a single file and is used in `make_mat()`, `make_mat_bsseq()`, and `summarize_regions()`.

When *iscream* is attached, it checks that the *tabix* executable is available with `Sys.which()` and, if available, sets `options("tabix.method" = "shell")`. `tabix()` then uses the *tabix* executable to make queries, except for `tabix_raw()`. If *tabix* is not found, *iscream* uses its *tabix* implementation. To use only *iscream*'s *tabix* implementation, set `options("tabix.method" = "htslib")`.

#### Input region formats:

The input regions format may be string vector in the form "chr:start-end", a dataframe with "chr", "start" and "end" columns or a GRanges object. Input regions must be 1-based. When using "htslib" as the query method, if the input GRanges object of regions contains any single locus regions where the start and end positions are the same, *iscream* will notify that such regions were found and fixed as chr:start format strings are invalid for the htslib API (see `?get_granges_string`).

#### Value

- `tabix()`: A data frame
- `tabix_gr()`: A GRanges object for single files and GRangesList for multiple files. When making GRanges, the 0-based records from BED-files will be converted to 1-based with `GenomicRanges::makeGRangesFromDataFrame()`. Bismark's coverage files will not be converted as they are already 1-based and the ranges slot will be only one position.
- `tabix_raw()`: A named list of raw strings from the regions in the style of `Rsamtools::scanTabix`

#### Examples

```
bedfiles <- system.file("extdata", package = "iscream") |>
  list.files(pattern = "[a|b|c|d].bed.gz$", full.names = TRUE)
regions <- c("chr1:1-6", "chr1:7-10", "chr1:11-14")
tabix(bedfiles, regions, col.names = c("beta", "coverage"))
if (require("GenomicRanges", quietly = TRUE)) {
  tabix_gr(bedfiles, regions, col.names = c("beta", "coverage"))
}
tabix_raw(bedfiles, regions)
```

---

validate_log_level	<i>Validate provided logging level</i>
--------------------	--

---

#### Description

Only "info" and "debug" are currently supported, with "debug" only supported when using 1 thread

#### Usage

```
validate_log_level(level = get_log_level(), n_threads)
```

#### Arguments

level	The logging level to validate
n_threads	The number of threads that the next <i>iscream</i> function call will use

#### Value

None; sets the log level to the provide level

**Examples**

```
set_log_level("info")
```

---

```
verify_aligner_or_stop
```

*Validate provided aligner*

---

**Description**

Only "biscuit", "bismark", and "bsbolt" are currently supported

**Usage**

```
verify_aligner_or_stop(aligner)
```

**Arguments**

aligner            The input aligner

**Value**

true; quits if the input is not among supported\_aligners

---

```
verify_files_or_stop    Verify that BED files are tabixed
```

---

**Description**

Verify that BED files are tabixed

**Usage**

```
verify_files_or_stop.bedfiles, verify_tabix = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

bedfiles            A vector of BED file paths  
 verify\_tabix        Whether to verify the presence of tabix files

**Value**

TRUE if all input BED files have an associated tabix index file. FALSE if not

---

verify_filetype	<i>Verify that the input BED files are of the type specified by the input aligner</i>
-----------------	---

---

**Description**

Verify that the input BED files are of the type specified by the input aligner

**Usage**

```
verify_filetype.bedfiles, aligner, stop_on_error = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

bedfiles	A vector of BED file paths
aligner	The aligner chosen
stop_on_error	Whether to warn or stop on aligner-filename mismatch

**Value**

TRUE if all input BED files have an associated tabix index file. FALSE if not

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